



UNIVERSITETET
I OSLO

PriTEM workshop, 12Dec2023

The green shift

drives the digital shift at the edge

Josef Noll



“we need participation of all people if we want to succeed with the green transition - and municipalities are the key to success”

Bærekraftig utvikling

hva er katalysator for Bærekraftsmålene (SDGs)?



SDG 1.4 Equal access to basic services

SDG 4.A Education facilities for effective learning for all

SDG 5.B Use of enabling technologies

SDG 9.C universal and affordable access

SDG 16.10 ensure public access to information

SDG 17 Partnerships for the Goals

Energiforbruk

Net zero means much more energy

Power demand and grid capex triple; hydrogen demand grows more than 5x

Electricity demand

Power generation

Power grid capex

Hydrogen demand

3.2 times

73.8k TWh

68.9k TWh

\$871B

502MMT

23

Solar
Wind
Nuclear

5.1

\$306

90

2020

2050

2020

2050

2022

2050

2020

2050

January 2023

Note:
Annual
projections



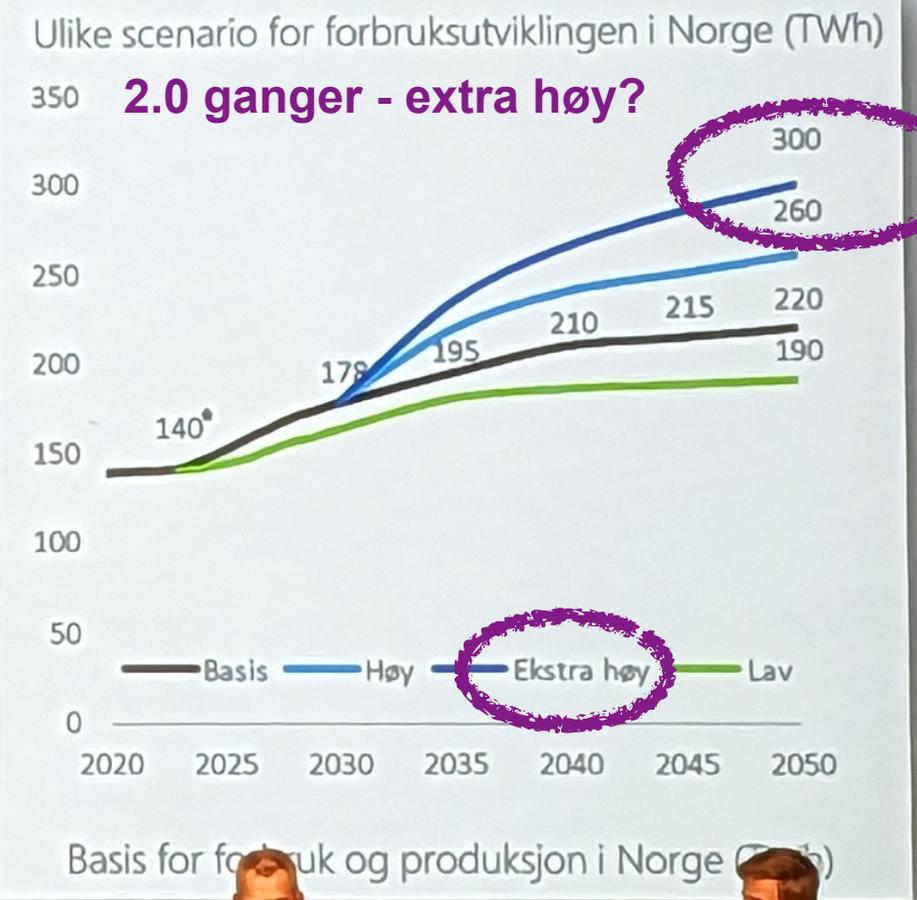
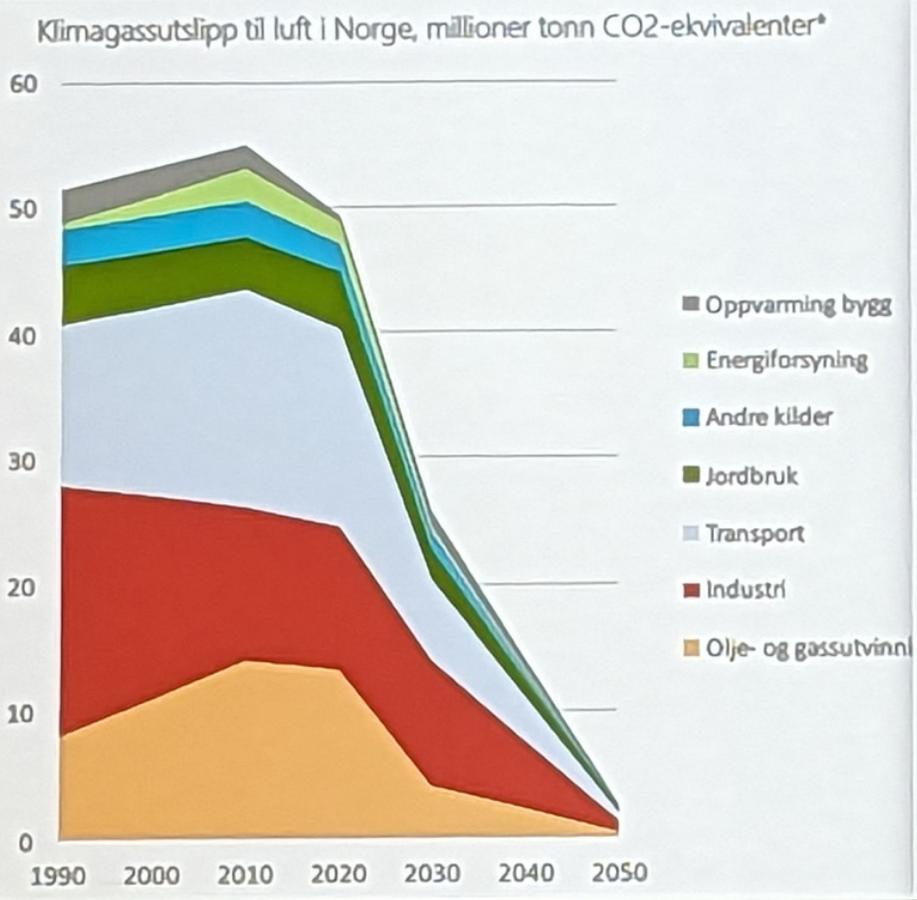
NAT BULLARD

89

[Source: NathanielBullard.com/presentations - Jan2023]

Sustainability and electrification

Source: Statnett LMA 2022



[Source: SmartGrid Conference 27Sep2023]

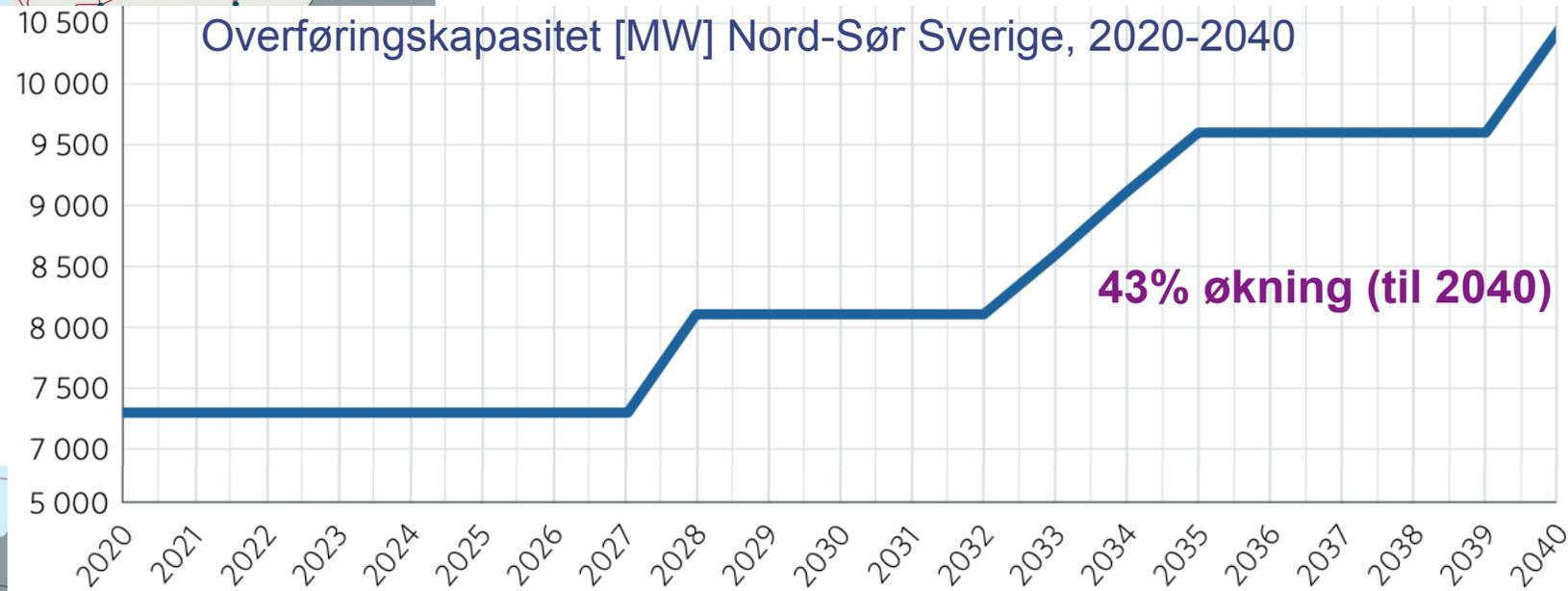
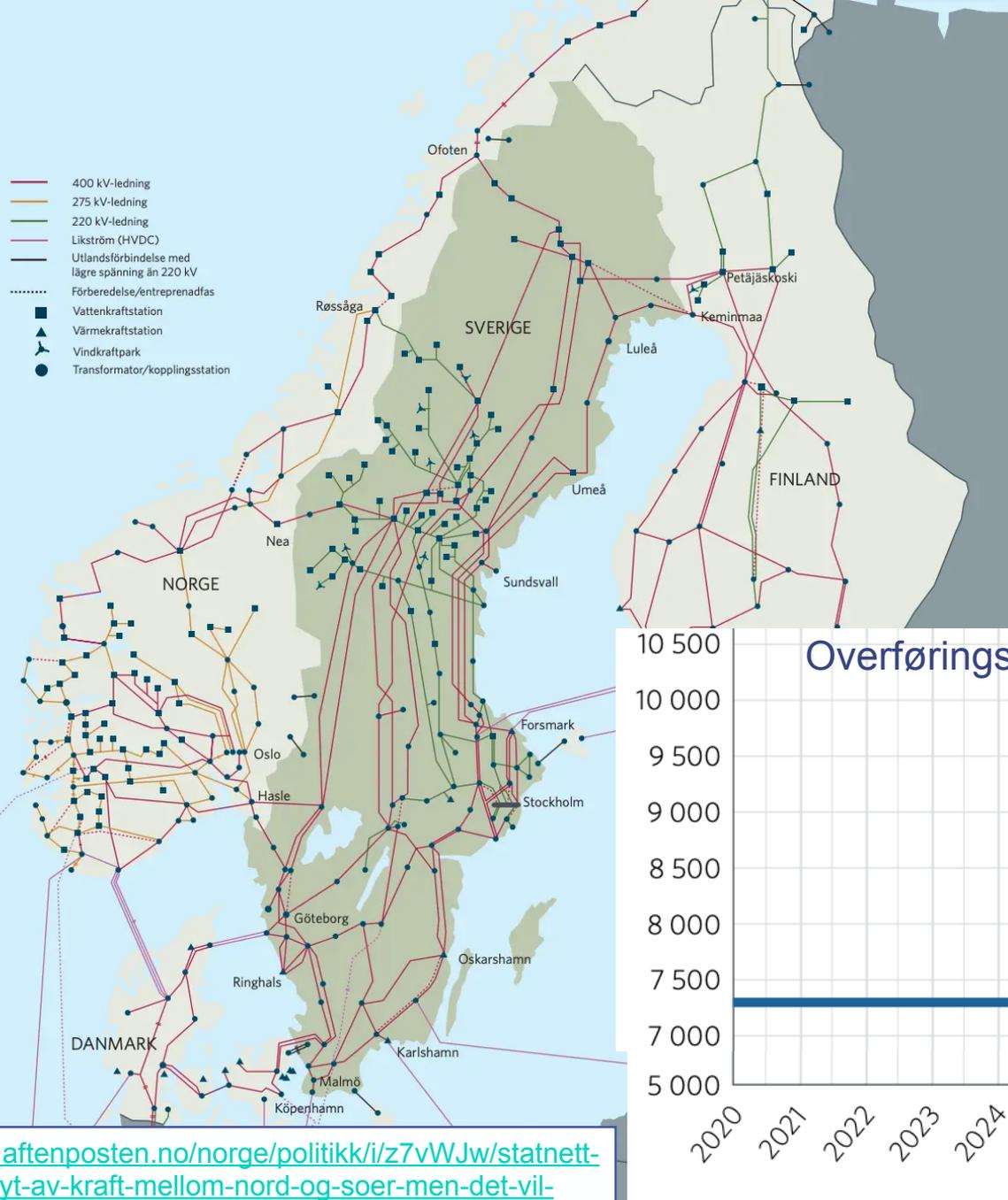
Per-Oddvar Osland
GlitreNett.no

Simon Koopmann
Envelio.com



Grid utviklingen

- 400 kV-ledning
- 275 kV-ledning
- 220 kV-ledning
- Likstrøm (HVDC)
- Utlandsforbindelse med lavere spänning än 220 kV
- Förberedelse/entreprenadfas
- Vattenkraftstation
- ▲ Värme-kraftstation
- ▲ Vindkraftpark
- Transformator/kopplingsstation

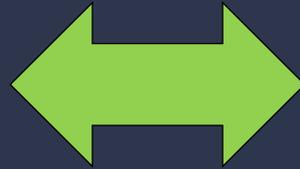


<https://www.aftenposten.no/norge/politikk/i/z7vWJw/statnett-vil-ha-mer-flyt-av-kraft-mellom-nord-og-soer-men-det-vil-ikke-sp-og-sv-ap-er-i-tenkeboksen>

The Power is in the Edge
of the grid

The power is at the edge of the grid

The green transition
of society is about reducing greenhouse gas emissions, preserving and restoring nature, reversing environmental degradation and ensuring that the energy of the future comes from renewable sources.



The digital transition
of society consists all processes at all levels in society producing and applying infrastructure, services, applications and human behaviour that depend on digital representation of knowledge and computer power.

and municipalities can empower citizens to participate

Cross-sectorial Participatory Transition

Hypotheses:

- We need to involve people in the “fit for 55” transition
- Participatory transition requires a cross-sectorial approach

Means:

- Human-centric decision-making, engagement
- Upscaling from the edge, societal involvement
- Mediator between Use Cases and Research
- Psychology, Law, Sociology, Politics, ...
- Municipalities, SMEs, Industry & Research
- Knowledge- and Innovation-Ecosystem

2.

A Just Transition is greening the economy that is as fair and inclusive to all, creating decent work opportunities and leaving no one behind.

1.

In tackling critical environmental challenges like climate change, pollution and plummeting biodiversity, nations and businesses must transition towards greener, resilient and climate-neutral economies and societies.

6.

Green jobs limit greenhouse gas emissions, minimize waste and pollution, protect and restore ecosystems, improve energy and raw material efficiency, and support the adaptation to the effects of climate change.

7.

Green jobs propel the preservation and restoration of the environment across sectors such as agriculture, manufacturing and energy.

Emission



8.

Decent jobs, are a co-benefit of a green and just transition due to the fact that such jobs entail practices such as cleaner production & consumption and energy efficiency that improve occupational safety and health (OSH) in the workplace.

11.

Green Jobs are jobs that are good for people, good for the economy and good for the environment.

Green Jobs



10.

Green jobs also contribute to more environmentally friendly processes. For example, green jobs can reduce water consumption or improve recycling systems.



9.

At the enterprise level, green jobs can produce goods and services that benefit the environment, for example green buildings or clean transportation.



Just Transition

Participatory transition

Digital Empowerment

Market place

Neighbourhood

3.

A Just Transition maximizes economic opportunities of climate action, minimizes and manages challenges – It does this through effective social dialogue among all stakeholders impacted, and respects fundamental labour principles and rights.



4.

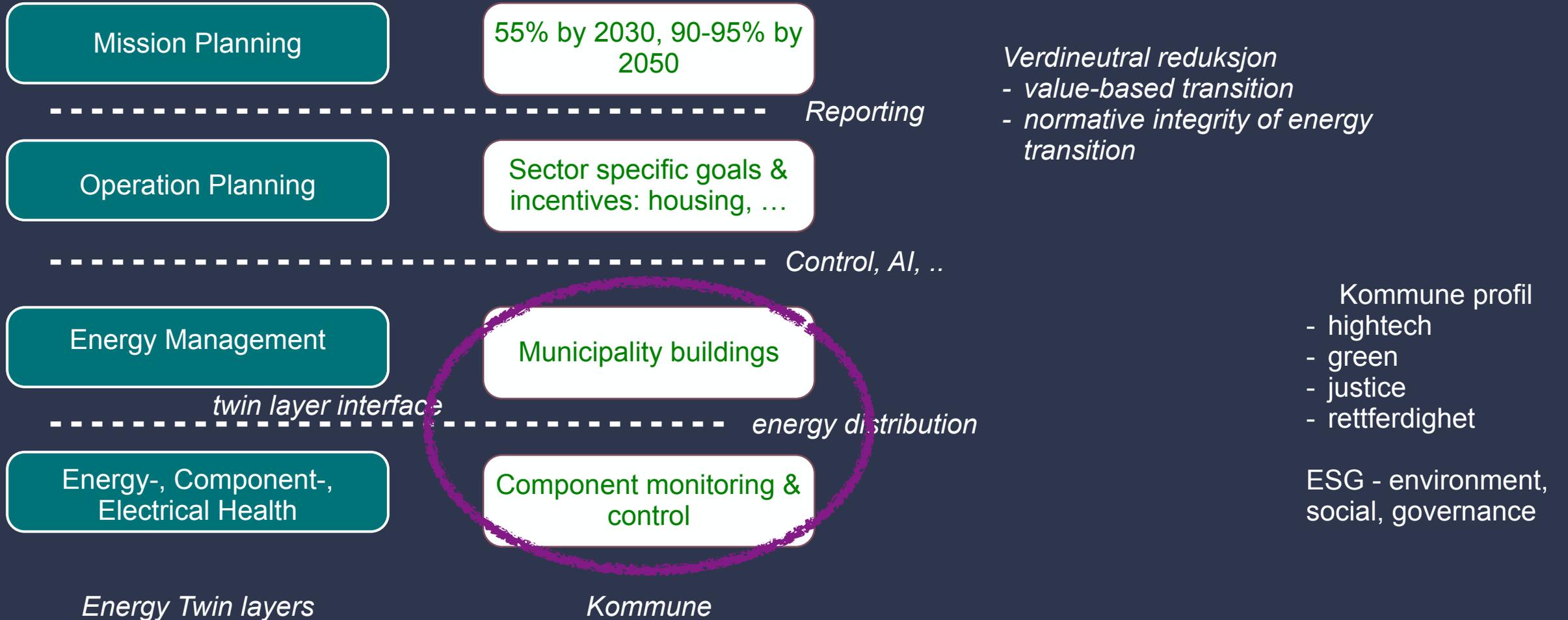
Ensuring a Just Transition is key for all countries, rural and urban communities at all levels of development as well as all economic sectors – not only limited to energy supply chain.

5.

A Just Transition is both a process and a goal to undertake climate change actions that equally advance: **job creation, social justice and fair transitions for workers, enterprises and communities** on an equal footing.

Measuring and Control at the edge of the grid

Energy Twins struktur og deltagelse



Topics for Discussion

Mapping the needs

- Mission Planning
- Operation Planning
- Energy Management
- Energy-, Component-, El. Health



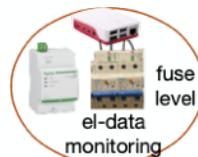
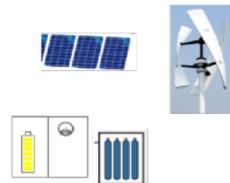
Energy-efficient buildings and Neighbourhoods

- Industrial buildings (Lillestrøm municipality)
- Neighbourhoods (new Kjeller)
- Households (participatory contribution)



Novel energy solutions

- Neighbour-hood trading, prosumers
- Frequency trading, grid stability



Energy transition drives digital transformation

What we'd like to achieve

1. Towards a Data-Driven Municipality
2. Identify areas of common interest
3. Master Thesis with Lillestrøm kommune
4. Innovation projects/ Public PhD
5.
6. ...

Electrical transition as driver for data-driven municipalities (Jonas)

Contribution of PV-empowered municipality buildings

Digital Twins for large scale car charging infrastructures

Fostering the energy transition of homes

Electrical transformation of municipal buildings, using schools and nursing homes

From Energy Information to Energy Monitoring & Control

Models for solar production forecast

- Weather forecast
- Energy Monitoring

Empower through knowledge

Solar production forecast

- ⚡ Now estimated power production **8 157 W**
- ⚡ This hour energy production 7,7 kWh
- ⚡ Next hour energy production 7,8 kWh
- ⚡ Remaining today energy production 24,5 kWh
- ⚡ Tomorrow estimated energy production 14,0 kWh
- 🕒 Today Highest power production 11 minutes ago

 **Sunny** 12,6 °C
Forecast Home ... 14,9 °C / 13,5 °C

13:00	14:00	15:00	16:00	17:00
				
13,5°	14,5°	14,9°	14,9°	14,7°

- ⚡ energy today 20,9 kWh
- ⚡ lifetime energy 9 575,8 kWh
- ⚡ current power **7 104,9 W**

DESSI implementations

Private Home Empowerment

Minimum Viable Product (MVP)

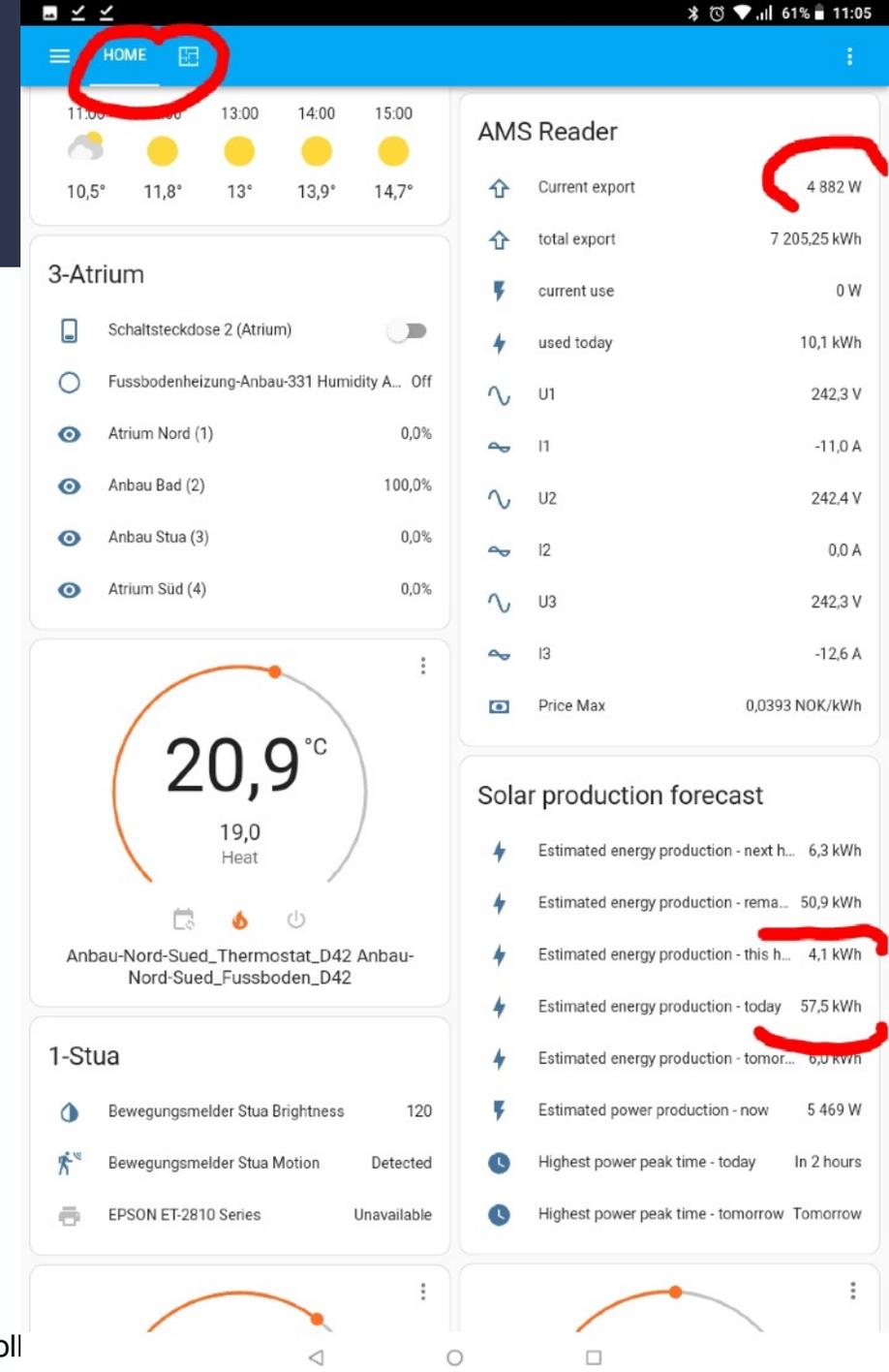
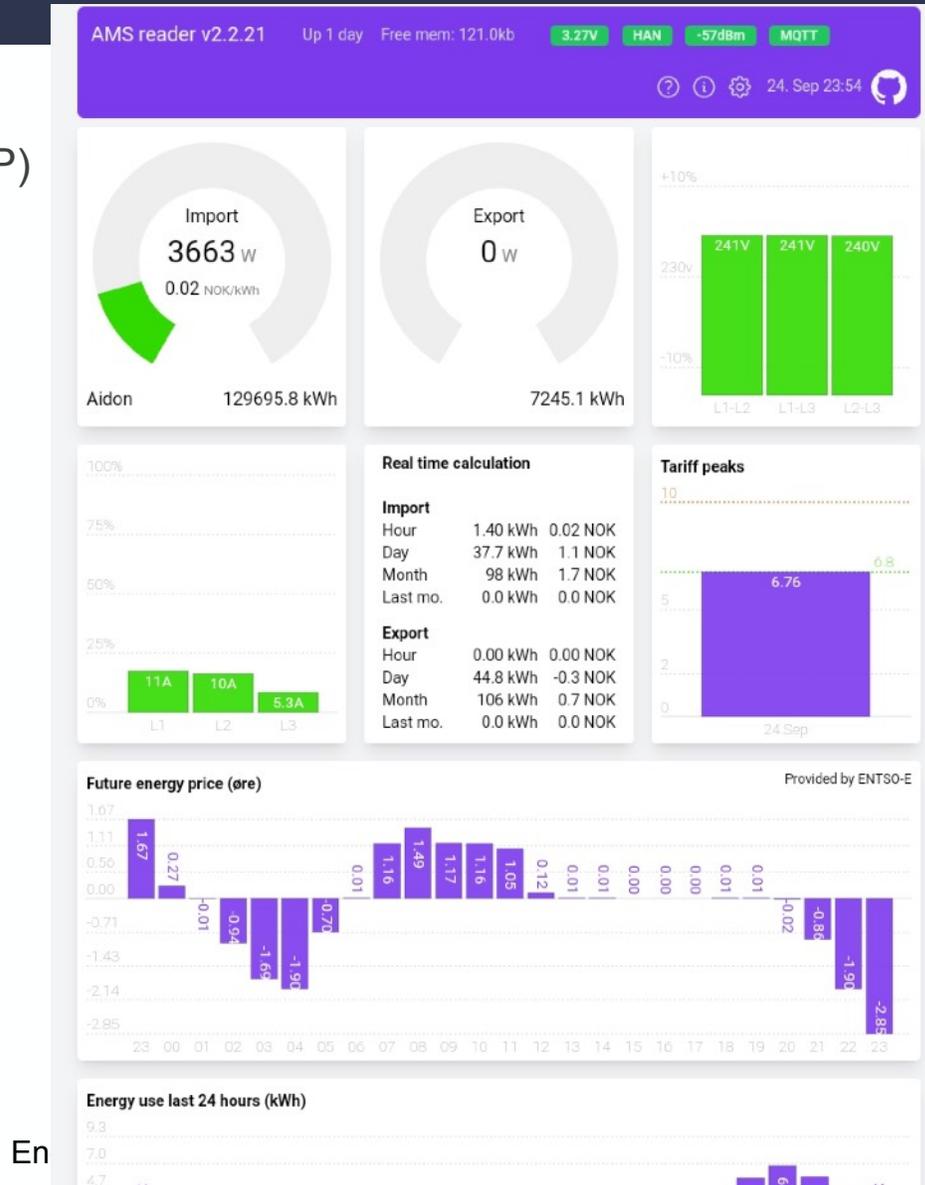
[AMSleser.no](https://amsleser.no) (900 kr)

Raspberry Pi (1400 kr)

Home Assistant App

Student work

UiO: Scientific Database



UiO inviterer:

Vil du være med? Kontroll over strømforbruk i ditt hus

UiOs studenter og forskere vil hjelpe deg å forstå energi i huset

Utstyr (dekket av UiO for de første 100 kunder)

Strømmåler (900 kr)

Raspberry Pi (1400 kr)

Home Assistant App

Hva ønsker vi fra deg?

anonymiserte strømdata til vitenskapelig arbeid

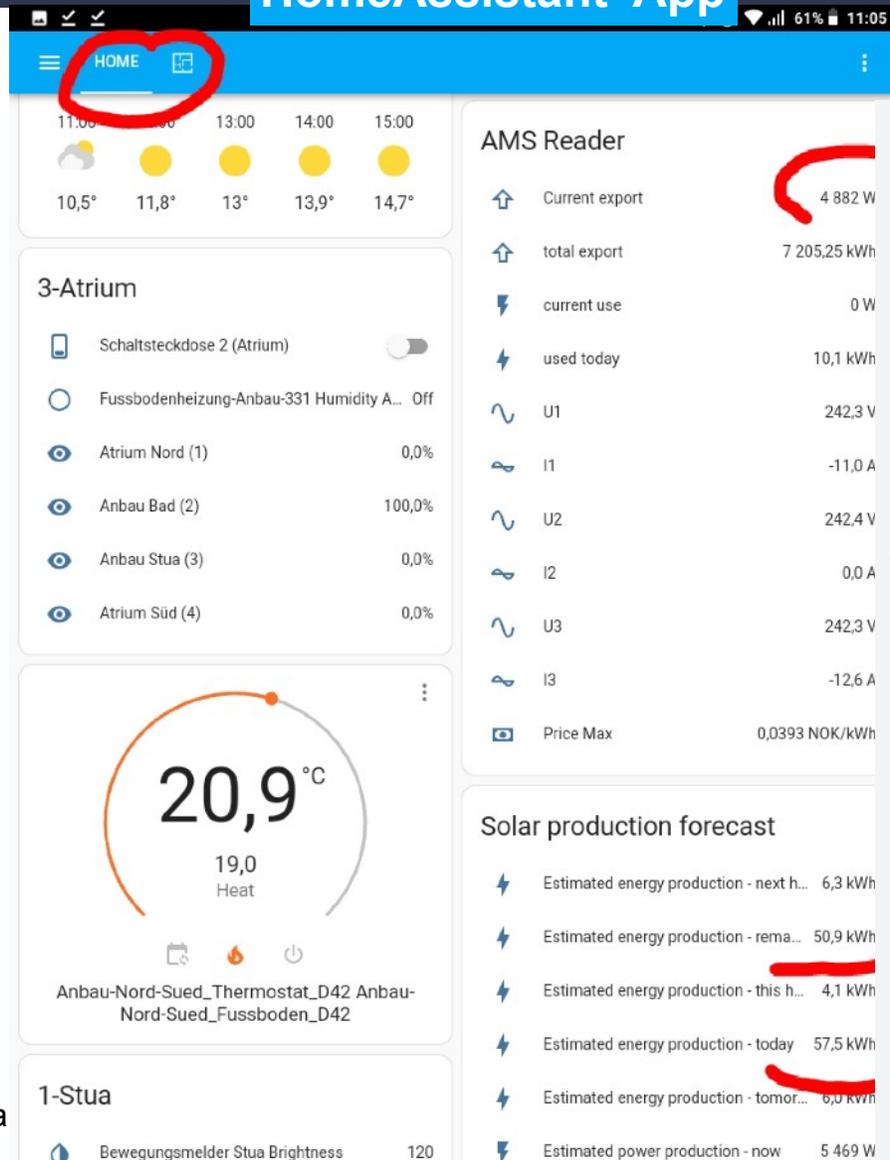
Interessert?

<http://DESSI.its-wiki.no>

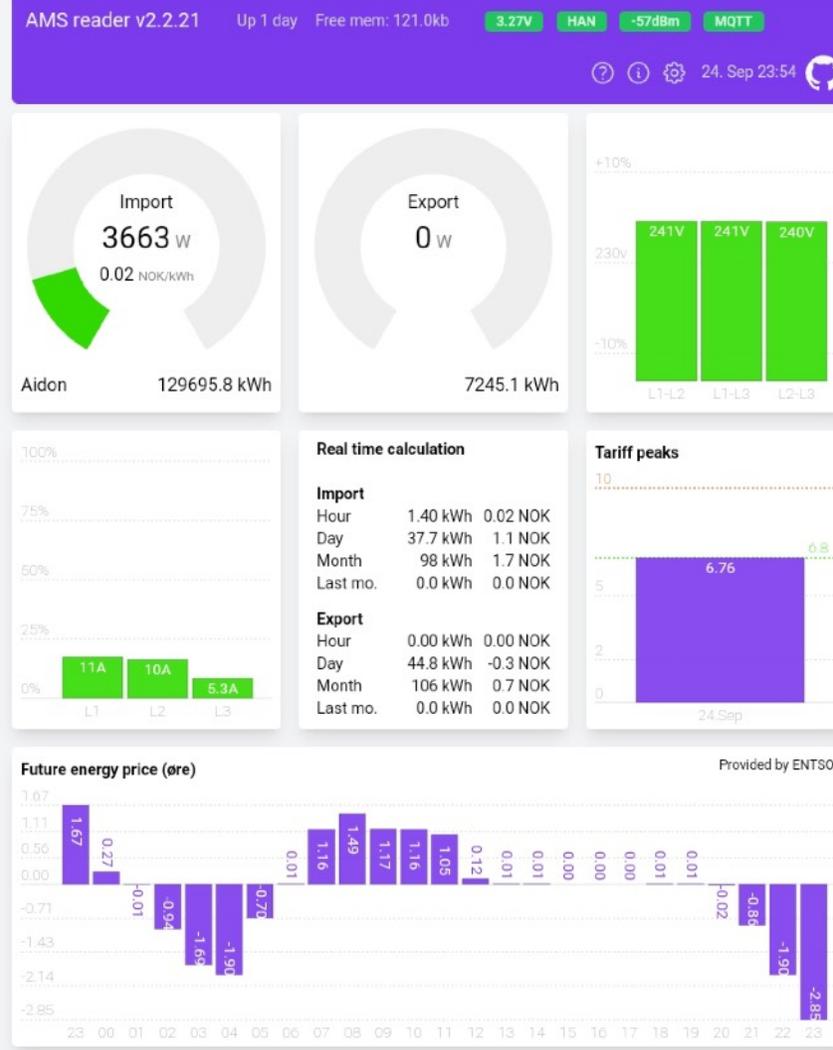
Er Lillestrøm kommune med?

Energy tra

HomeAssistant App



AMSleser data fra ditt hus



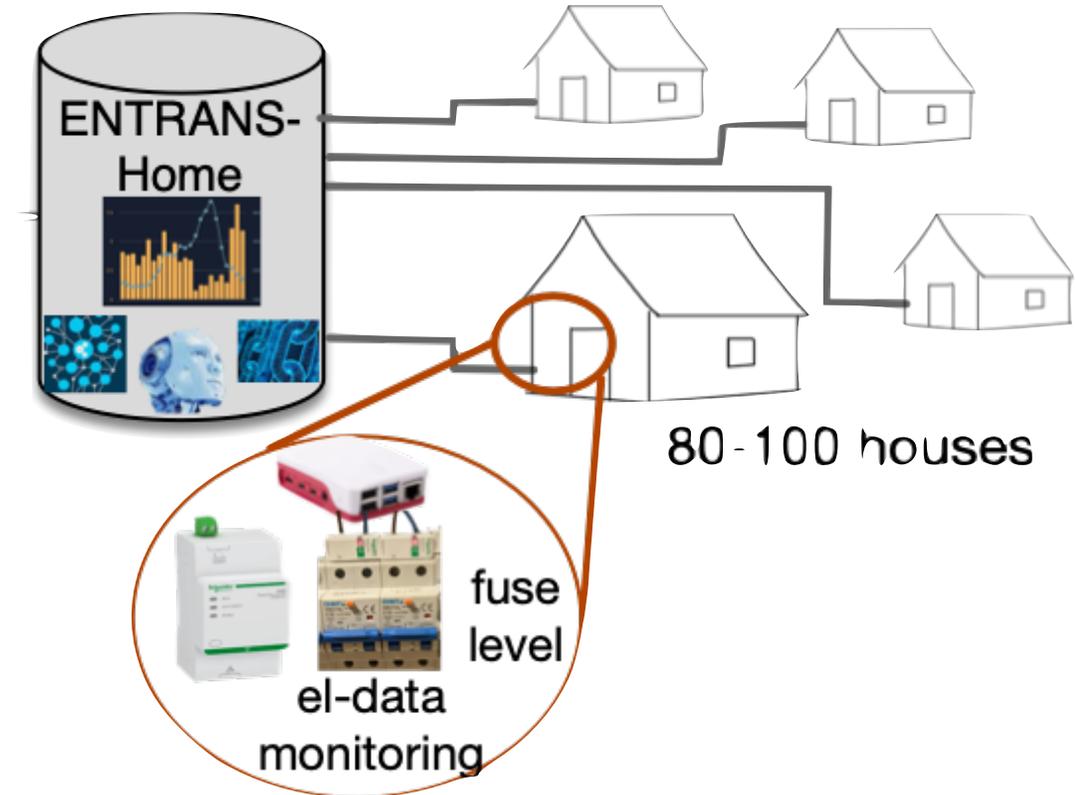
Ongoing work

Group Topics

- 1. RPI monitoring of fuses
- 2. RPI monitoring of HAN port
- 3. Optimise control for weather forecast
- 4. Optimise electricity tariffs for prosumer home
- 5. RPI controlling and switching

1. RPI monitoring of Fuses

- how much energy does each of my appliance use? What is the characteristics of my appliance? Perform a classification of energy consumers in the home. Find out if the freezer is ruined, or the lock is open - or if a window is open, or a malfunction of an electricity system.
- Goal: monitoring the energy consumption per fuse, and store it into an SQLite files (1 file per day).

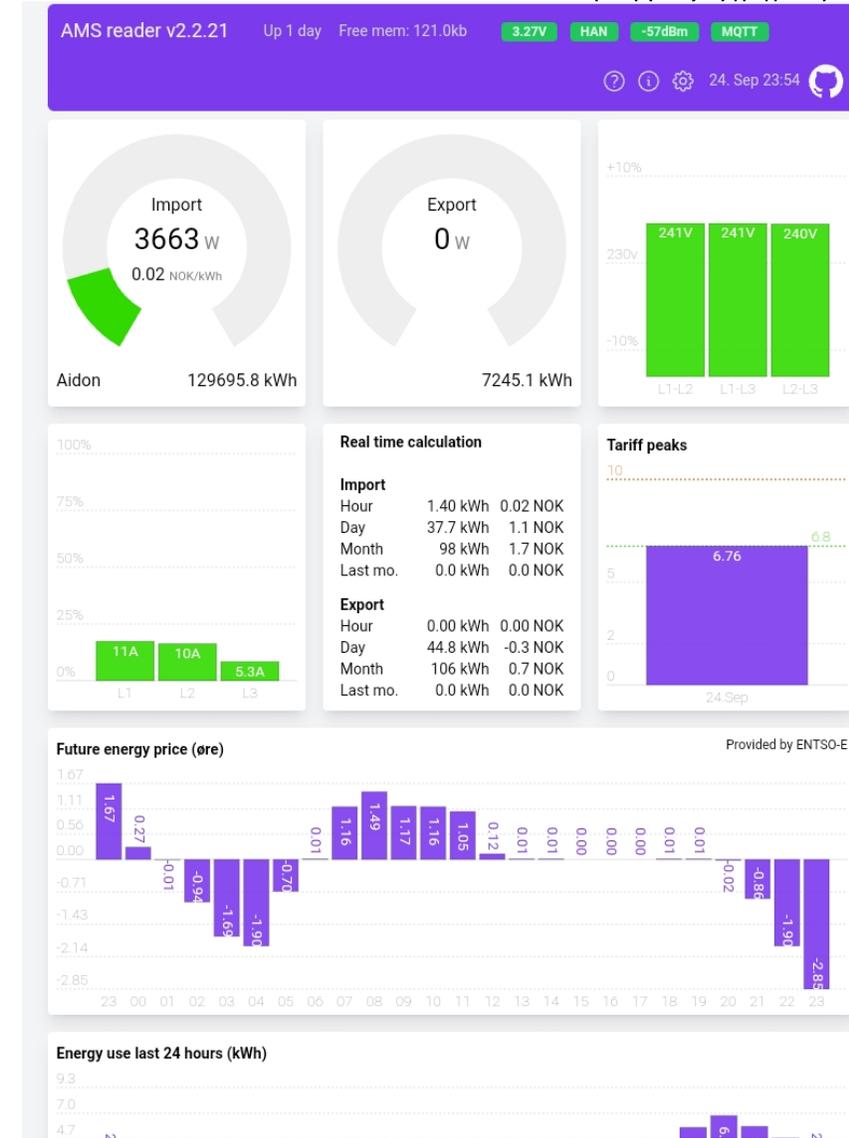


2. HAN port reading with AMSleser.no

- ➔ Use the HAN port reader from your smart home to receive the current energy readings, and integrate in HomeAssistant
 - read the energy consumption from the AMSreader and export to SQLite files
 - see other application examples and see what is possible to implement (direct MQTT access)

- ➔ Integrate the AMSleser into Home Assistant (Package for RPI): Home Assistant med Pow-K (amsleser.no) (video) and Homey-integration (wiki, Homey-integrasjon (amsleser.no))

- ➔ Examples of applicability are on BLOG (amsleser.no), e.g. the hardware reset Emergency factory reset (amsleser.no)



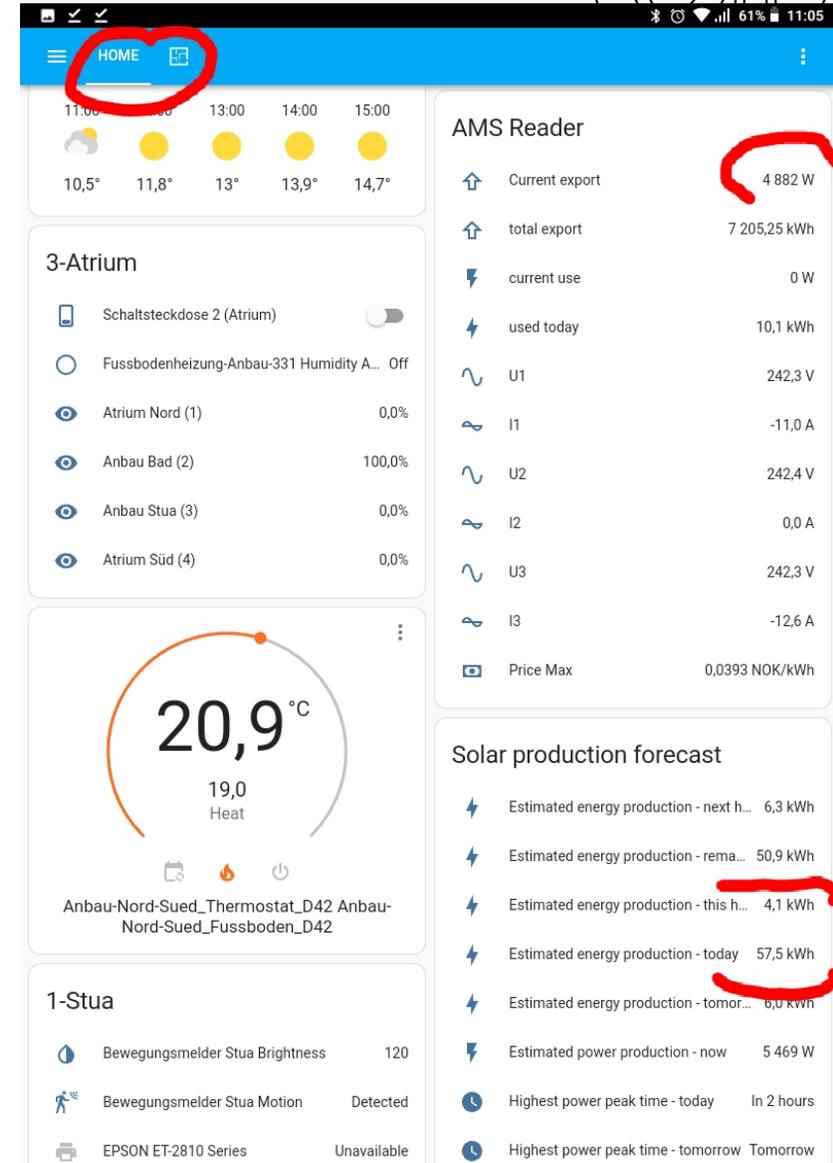
3. Optimisation control for weather forecast, price level and "home latency"

- Optimize your home based on grid tariff (0-3, 3-5, 5-10 kW max per hour) & price (every day at 12 h the electricity costs are published for the next day)
 - In case of a heat pump and a water-based heating system, weather prediction helps you in getting a better temperature control in the home, thus increase to convenience.
 - Assume that your floor heating has a 6 h delay, it means that increase heating will come in 6 hours. Thus, if outside temperature is expected to rise, there might be no need for heating.
 - My passive house has a 12 h delay before getting cold, the understanding of the outside temperature variation will help you with a better control of the inside temperature.

- Input: price, outside temp, inside/floor temp, warm water consumption (shower, washing, ...), hot-water temperature (45....90 deg), heat loss in W/m2/K

- Output: max comfort, min cost (based on heat-pump, warm water needed)

- Description of a model, examples



The screenshot shows a smart home control app interface. At the top, there is a blue header with a 'HOME' button circled in red. Below the header, there is a weather forecast section showing temperatures for 11:00, 13:00, 14:00, and 15:00. To the right, there is an 'AMS Reader' section with various energy and power metrics. The 'Current export' value is 4882 W, circled in red. Below that, 'total export' is 7 205,25 kWh. Other metrics include 'current use' (0 W), 'used today' (10,1 kWh), and 'Price Max' (0,0393 NOK/kWh). At the bottom right, there is a 'Solar production forecast' section with several rows of data. The 'Estimated energy production - this h...' value is 4,1 kWh, circled in red. The 'Estimated energy production - today' value is 57,5 kWh, also circled in red. In the center of the app, there is a large circular gauge showing the current temperature as 20,9 °C and the heat loss as 19,0 Heat. Below the gauge, there are icons for a calendar, a flame, and a power button. At the bottom left, there is a '3-Atrium' section with a list of heating zones and their status. At the bottom right, there is a '1-Stua' section with a list of sensors and their status.

4. Optimise electricity tariffs for prosumer home

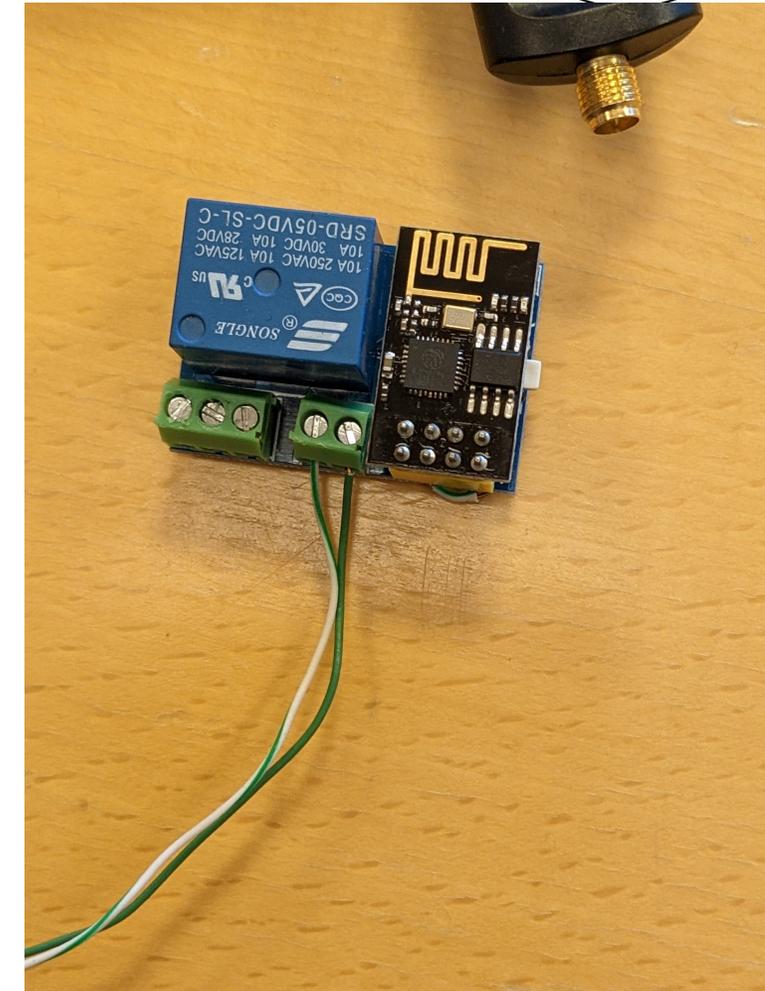
- Given the Energy production, consumption and sales as presented in Canvas / Stromdata / Energy_108x...xlsx, address
 - a) the earning given different energy tariffs
 - b) the impact of a virtual battery ("solbanken")
 - c) dimension a battery for the home

- Provide a model for the energy consumption, production and sales based on the available .xlsx data, and evaluate the alternatives.

	Oct2023			832,0			Sep2023			1068,4			Aug2023			943,6			Jul2023			895,6			Jun2023			984,6			May2023			1266		
Day	buy	sell	prod	buy	sell	prod	buy	sell	prod	buy	sell	prod	buy	sell	prod	buy	sell	prod	buy	sell	prod	buy	sell	prod	buy	sell	prod	buy	sell	prod						
	609,6	362,1	584,5	726,5	816,1	1158	582,1	1119,9	1481,4	408,0	1421,8	1909,4	422,2	1958,9	2521,3	644	1737	2358																		
1	24,1	18,1	32,4	23,8	45,0	59,2	7,5	43,1	53	20,5	56,4	76,7	10,0	78,4	97,7	35,6	0,0	71,9																		
2	18,9	21,8	34,9	18,1	43,4	60,7	8,0	47,1	57,3	19,7	15,9	35,4	11,8	88,9	107,0	30,5	0,0	71,9																		
3	29,8	25,5	38,6	23,8	27,9	38,2	11,2	61,8	71,8	16,0	43,5	58,7	17,5	79,7	98,3	35,1	35,3	71,9																		
4	28,3	33,2	46,6	12,6	65,1	75,9	12,0	41,2	51,1	31,6	11,2	35,7	13,2	82,5	106,8	28,2	56,7	71,9																		

5. RPI controlling and switching

- Controlling electrical equipment from a Raspberry, e.g. switching the hot-water heater (OSO)
 - digital thermostats
 - switches
- Analyse existing solutions on the market
 - Tibber: Electricity company switching appliances in the home, concentrating on a) car charger and b) the warm water heater
 - Homely



Potential Mastertopics with Municipalities

Topics for Master Thesis

- Electrical transition as driver for data-driven municipalities (Jonas)
 - ➔ digital infrastruktur for el. monitoring og kontroll
 - ➔ forbedringspotensialet
 - ➔
- Contribution of PV-empowered municipality buildings
 - ➔ analysere dagens modeller for PV energy
 - ➔ sammenligne med utvalgte bygninger i Lillestrøm
- Digital Twins for large scale car charging infrastructures
 - ➔ Eksempel: 83 stasjoner i bygning til Lillestrøm kommune
 - ➔ Vehicle-to-Grid (V2G) standard (ISO...): hva er potensialet
 - ➔ muligheter med dagens bilpark, og framtidsperspektivet



Thema til Masteravhandlinger

- Contribution of swimming pools to the flexibility market
 - ➔ Utgangspunkt: kommunale bygninger med svømmebasseng (f.eks. skoler)
 - ➔ modellering av potensialet basert på real-life verdier
- Fostering the energy transition of homes
 - ➔ fra "Minimum viable product" (MVP) til controlled infrastruktur
 - ➔ økonomisk optimalisering i forhold til investering, batteri, oppgradering av el
 - ➔ bruk av app og "low-cost" infrastruktur
- AI-based assessment of quality of houses/buildings (A-G) from energy monitoring
 - ➔ hvilken verdier kan vi hente direkte
 - ➔ hvordan øker vi kunnskapen gjennom "rapportering" (Norge: egenrapporteringsskjema om husholdningens kvalitet)

