Walfish Ikegami model

Tomasz Obuchowski

Why Hata Urban and Suburban are simillar?

Mathematical Formulation [edit]

Hata Model for Suburban Areas is formulated as.

$$L_{SU} = L_U - 2(\log_{10} \frac{f}{28})^2 - 5.4$$

Where,

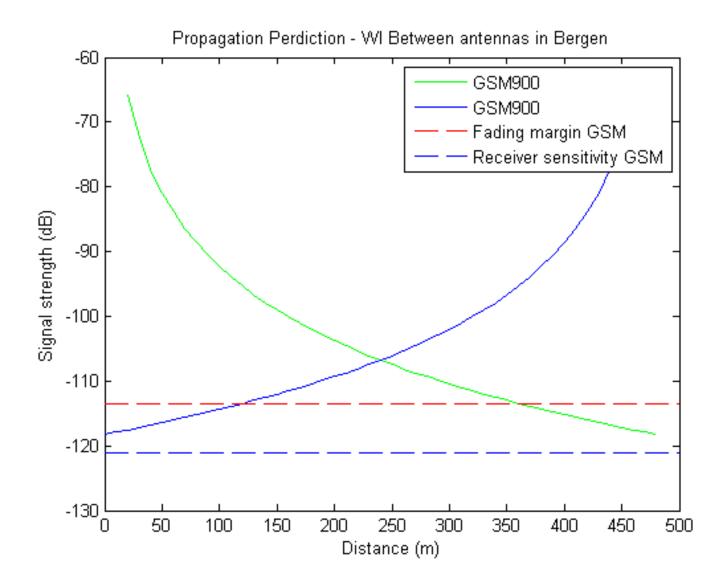
L_{SU} = Path loss in suburban areas. Unit: decibel (dB)

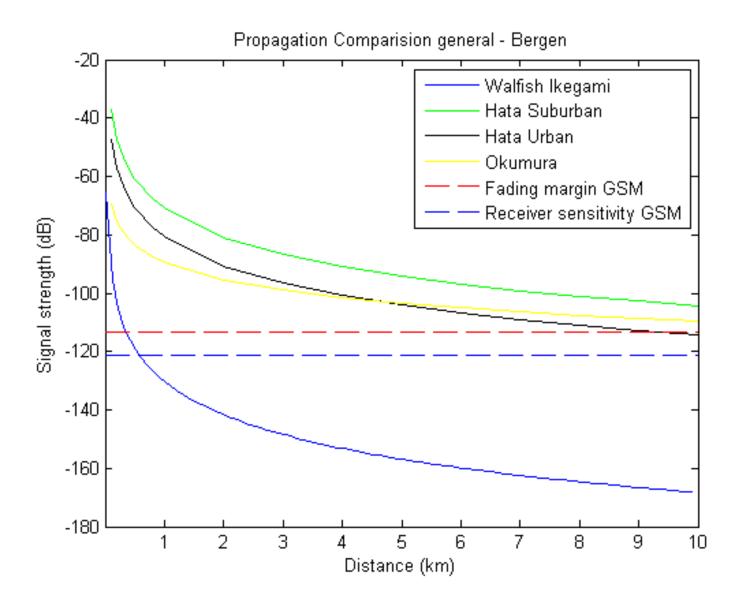
L_U = Average Path loss in urban areas for small sized city. Unit: decibel (dB)

f = Frequency of Transmission. Unit: megahertz (MHz).

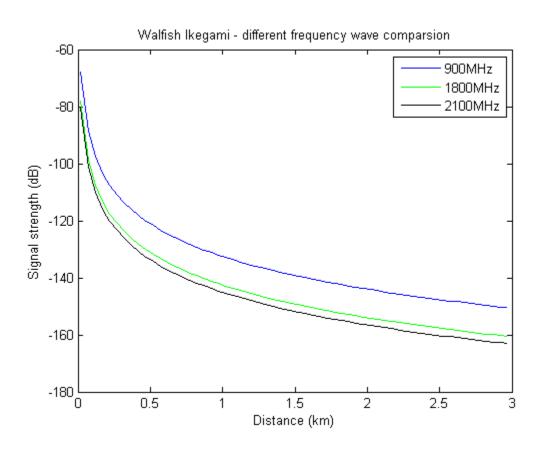
Used parameters for Bergen

- Antenna height 55m
- Average roof height 35m
- Road average width 20m
- Buildings average height 20m
- Road orientation angle 70 deg
- Mobile reciever height 2m

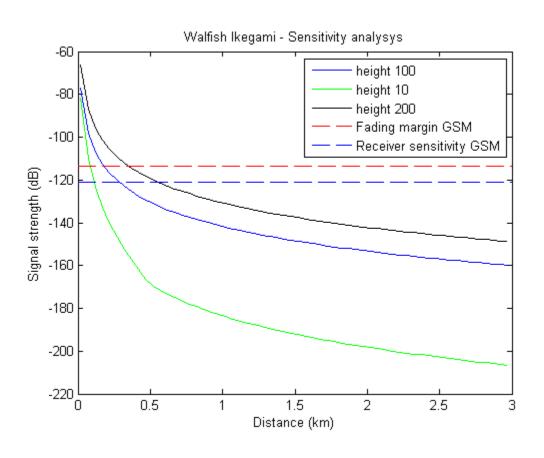




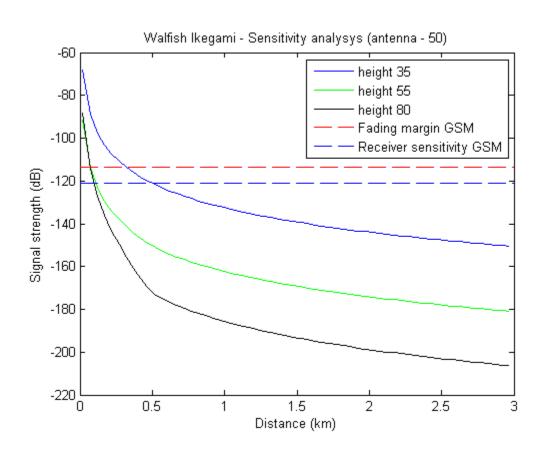
Different frequencies



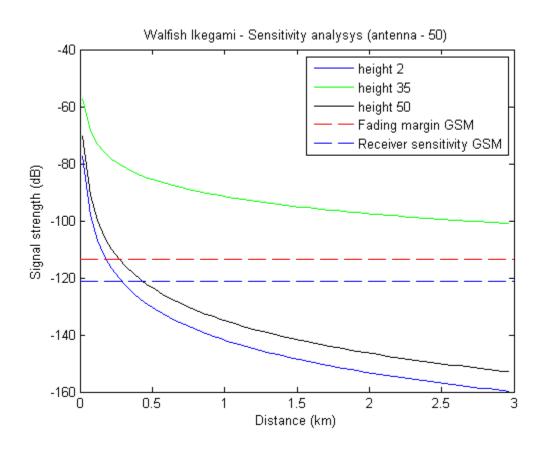
Antenna height



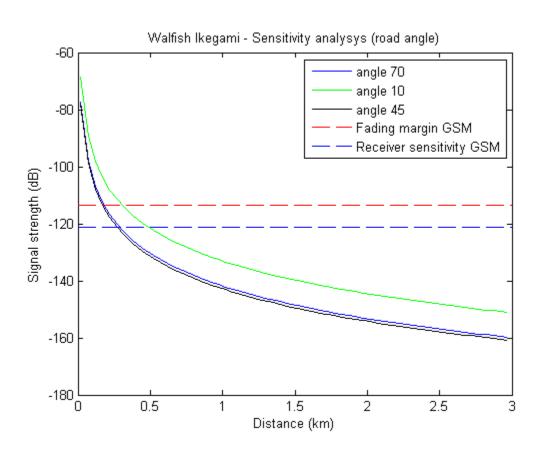
Building average height



Mobile height



Road angle



 Building separation and road width does not have big impact on result unless they are extremly small.