

#### **UNIK4750 - Measurable Security for the Internet of Things**

# L10 — Multi-Metrics Analysis

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#### Overview



- Your project (how to collaborate?)
  - Google (UNIK4710), Piazza, ...
- Recap: Security Ontologies (last 6 slides of L8)
- Learning outcomes L10
- Use case (application) SocialMobility
- Values for Security, Privacy
- Analyse the system of systems
- Identify Security, Privacy attributes and functionality for a sub-system
- Multi-Metrics analysis
- Future work



# **Expected Learning outcomes**



#### Having followed the lecture, you can

- establish a scenario/use case
- provide application examples
- provide reasons for the choice of s,p,d
- establish a system architecture with sub-systems and components
- explain the Multi-Metrics method
- (prepare for your own work)



# Multi-Metrics Methodology for Assessment of Security, Privacy, and Dependability (SPD)

SHIELD

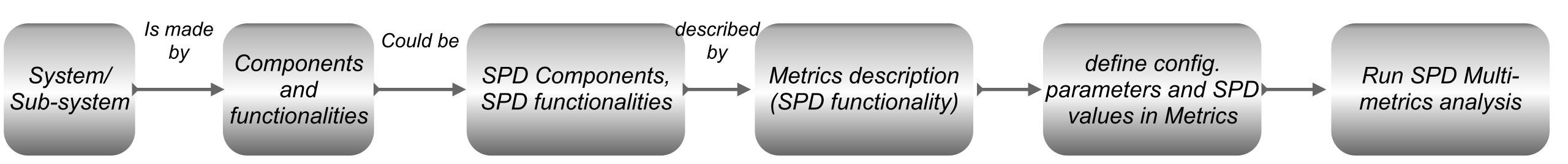
Thanks to our colleagues from SHIELD for the collaboration

» Iñaki Equia, Frode van der Laak, Seraj Fayyad, Cecilia Coveri, Konstantinos Fysarakis, George Hatzivasilis, Balázs Berkes, <u>Josef Noll</u>



# Methodology: From System description to SPD level





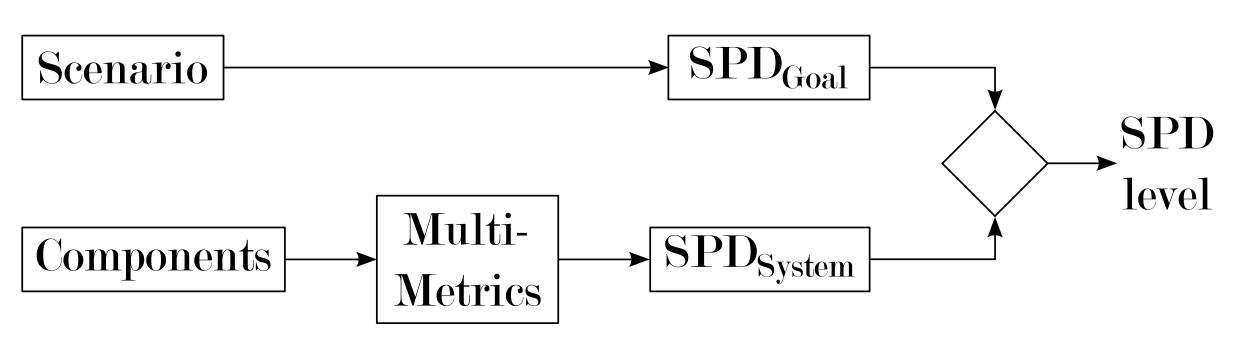
- System: Automatic Meter System (AMS) consists of reader (AMR), aggregator, communications, storage, user access
- Sub-systems: AMR consists of power monitor, processing unit, communication unit
- Component: AMR communication contains of a baseband processing, antenna, wireless link
- Configuration Parameter: Wireless link: f=868 MHz, output power=?, Encryption=?



# Social Mobility Main Focus



- Focus on «entry the industrial market»
- Identified challenges
  - industry «needs security» with entry models
  - → Communication module
  - → Role-based access
  - → Middelware (Multi Metrics v2)
- System Security, Privacy and Dependability is assessed
- Systemspd
  is compared
  to Goalsspd



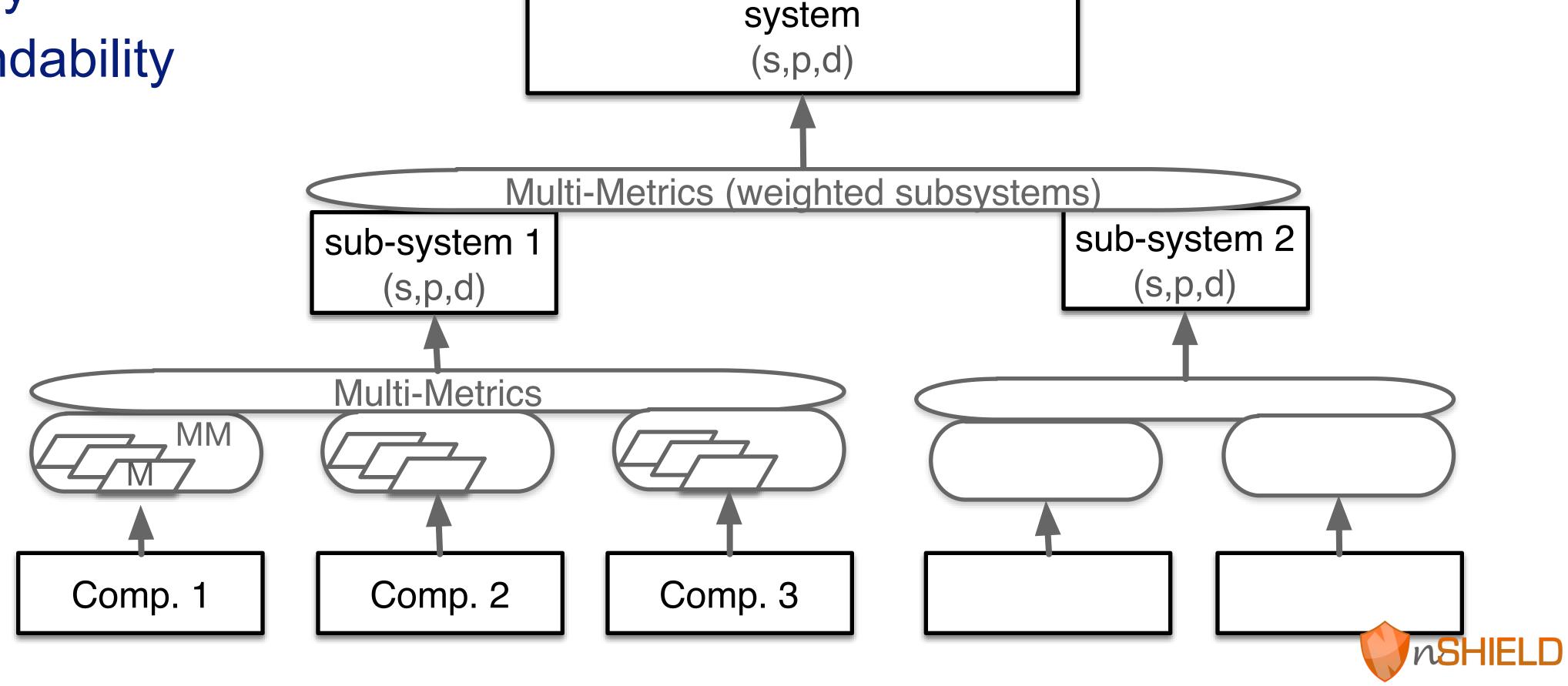




# Multi-Metrics<sub>v2</sub> - system composition



- System consists of sub-systems consists of components
  - → security
  - privacy
  - dependability





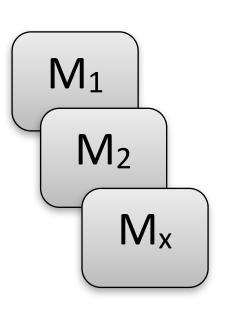
# SHIELD Multi Metrics Approach

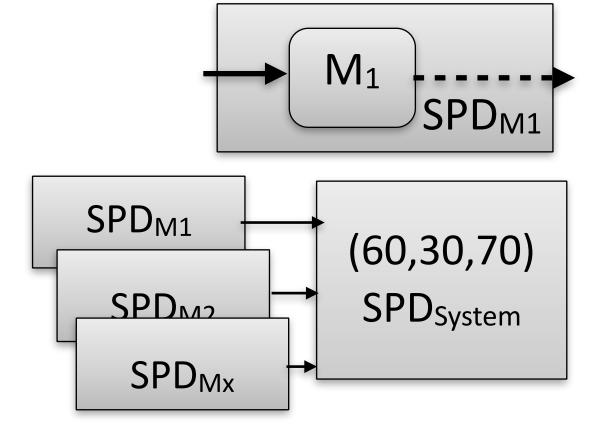


- Security, Privacy and Dependability
  - » Specific application
  - » Social Mobility: privacy scenario

		$SPD_{Goal}$	SPD level		
	Conf. A		(s,100,d)	(s,•,d)	
Scenario 1	Conf. B	(s, 80, d)	(s,80,d)	(s,•,d)	
	Conf. C		(s,80,d)	(s,•,d)	

- Multi-Metrics approach to assess the SPD of a system
  - » Provides a snapshot of the current state of the system
  - » Metrics for SPD parameters of sensors, network, service access
  - » Metrics M<sub>1</sub> ... M<sub>x</sub>, e.g. Network latency, Protection level
- Individual Metrics scaling SPD<sub>M1</sub>(20,5,10)
  - » Parametrisation of assessment, e.g. latency = 50 ms -> S:acceptable
  - » Subjective translation into SPD severity
    - » Operational ranges defined as ideal, good, acceptable, critical, failure
    - » Max influence on the S,P,D value (estimate)
- Metrics combination to provide an SPD tripple: (60, 30, 70)





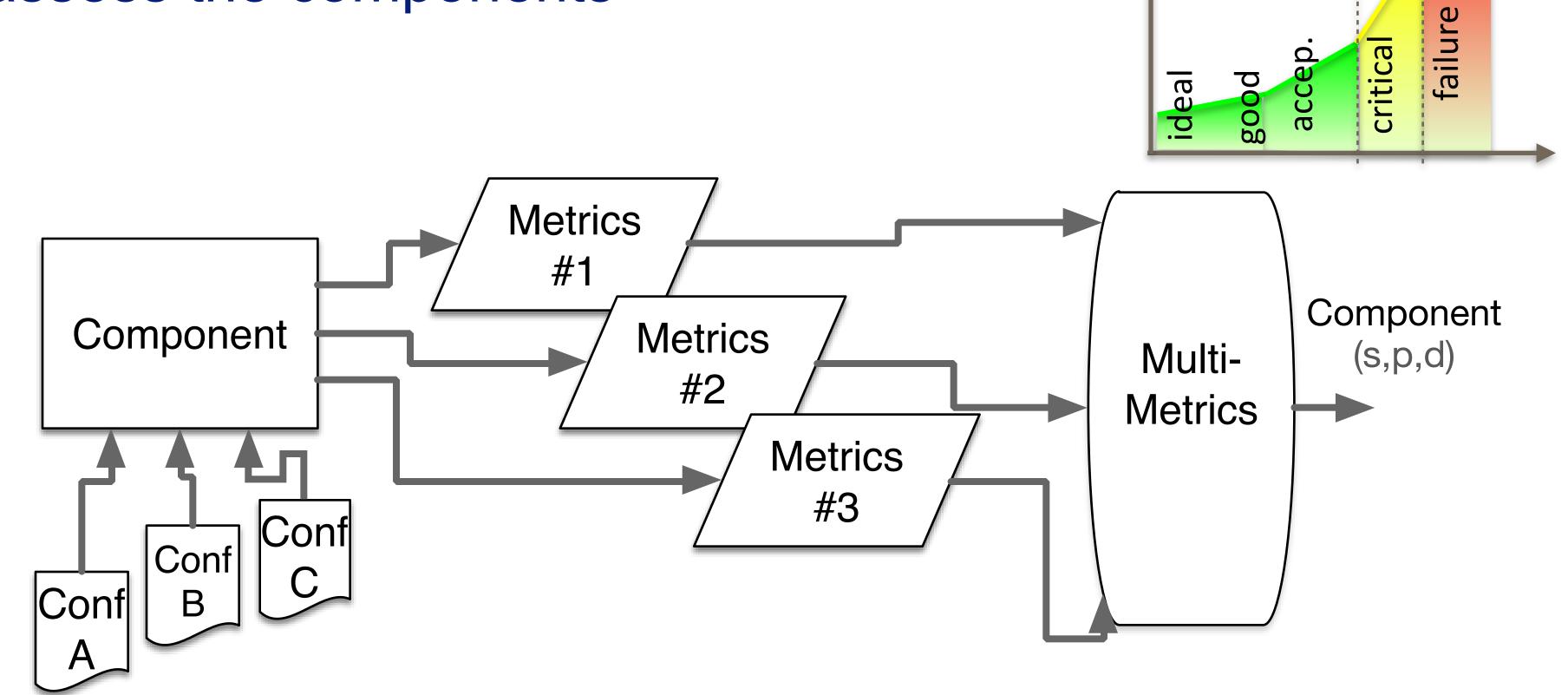




# Multi-Metrics components



- Components have a security, privacy and dependability factor.
- Metrics assess the components



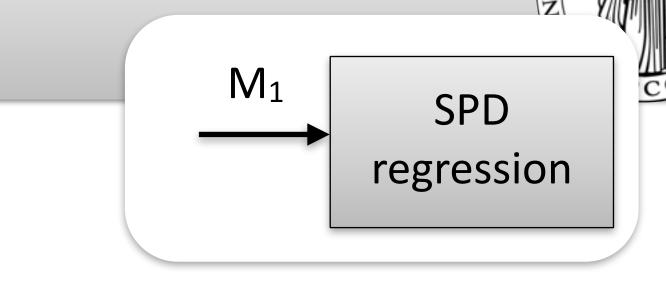
criticality

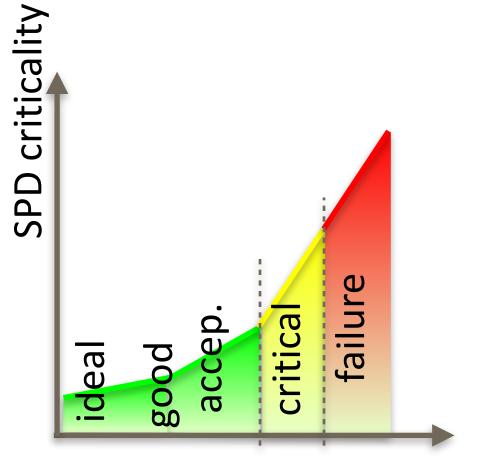




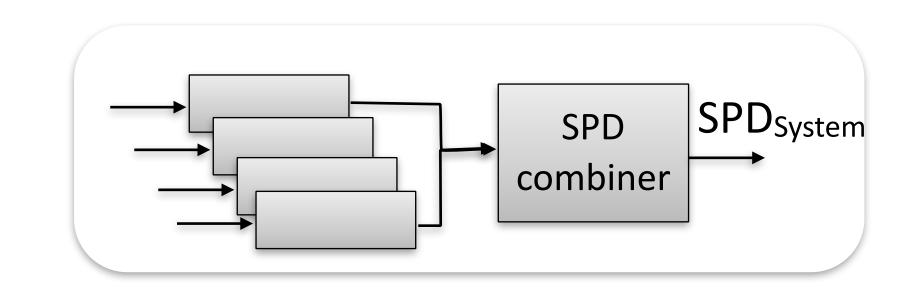
#### SHIELD Multi Metrics<sub>v2</sub>

- Metrics to SPD conversion
  - » Parametrisation of system parameters, e.g. latency -> [ms]
  - » SPD regression: «SPD value and importance for the system»
    - » parameter into S,P,D value range, e.g. latency=50ms :=> (ideal, good, acceptable, critical, failure)
    - » Scaling according to System Importance, e.g. latency :=>  $S_{max}$ =30,  $P_{max}$ =10,  $D_{max}$ =20
    - » Assignment of SPD values, e.g. latency=50 ms





- Metrics combination to provide SPD<sub>System</sub>: (60, 30, 70)
  - » Mathematical combination, e.g.  $S_{System}=100 SQRT(S_1^2 + S_2^2 + ... S_x^2)$



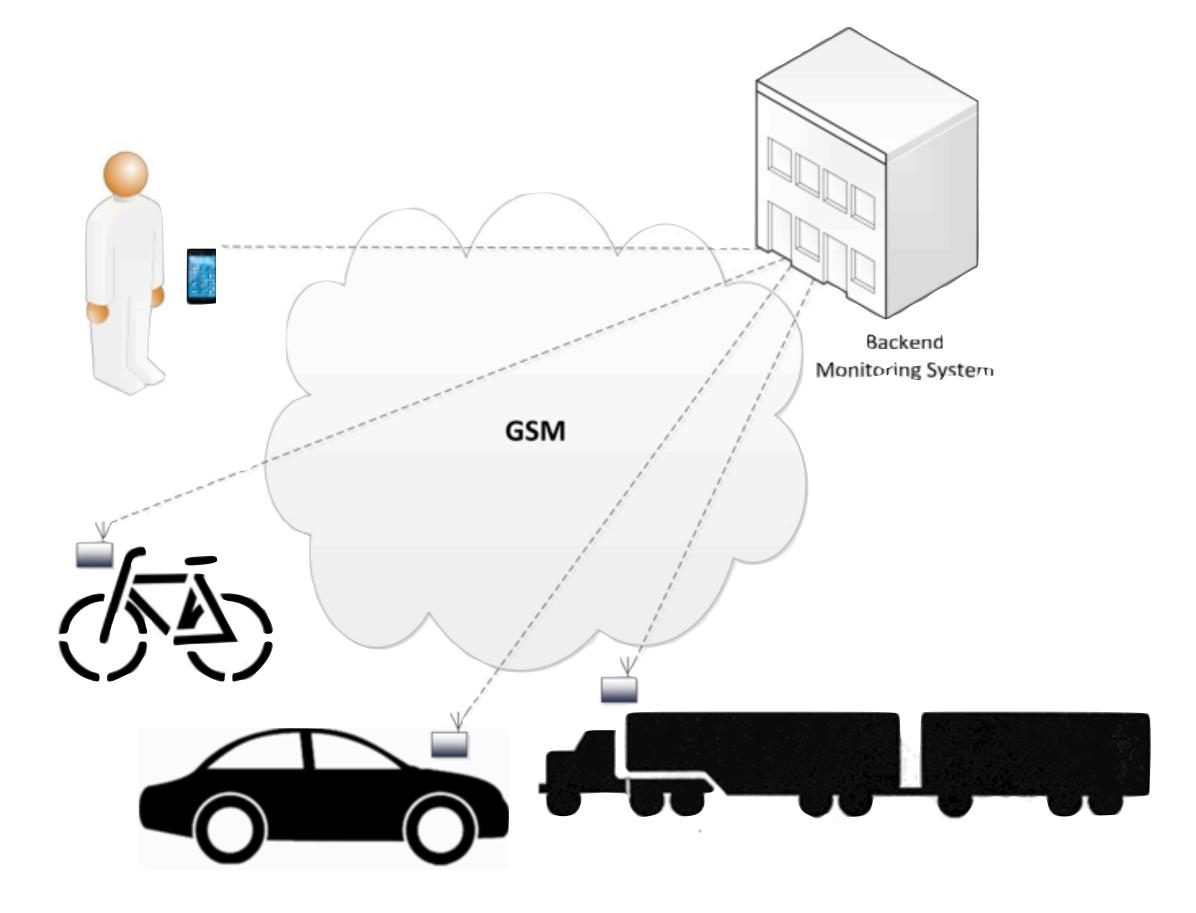


# **Example: Privacy in a Social Mobility Use Case**



- Social Mobility, including social networks, here: loan of vehicle
- Shall I monitor the user?

- «User behaves»: privacy ensured
- «User drives to fast»: track is visible
- «Crash»: emergency actions







# Social Mobility Use Case

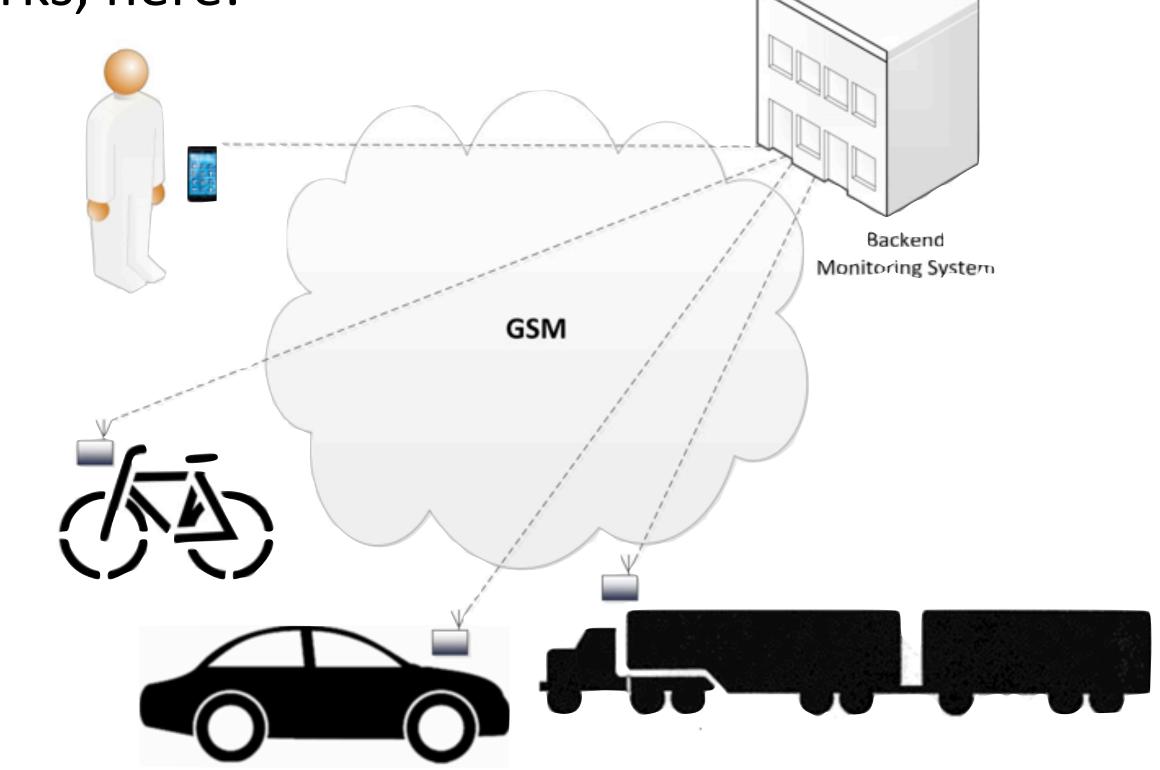


Social Mobility, including social networks, here:

loan of vehicle

 Sc1: privacy ensured, «user behaves»

- Sc2: track is visible as user drives too fast
- Sc3: Crash, emergency actions



 Industrial applicability: Truck operation (Volvo), Autonomous operations on building places, add sensors (eye control)



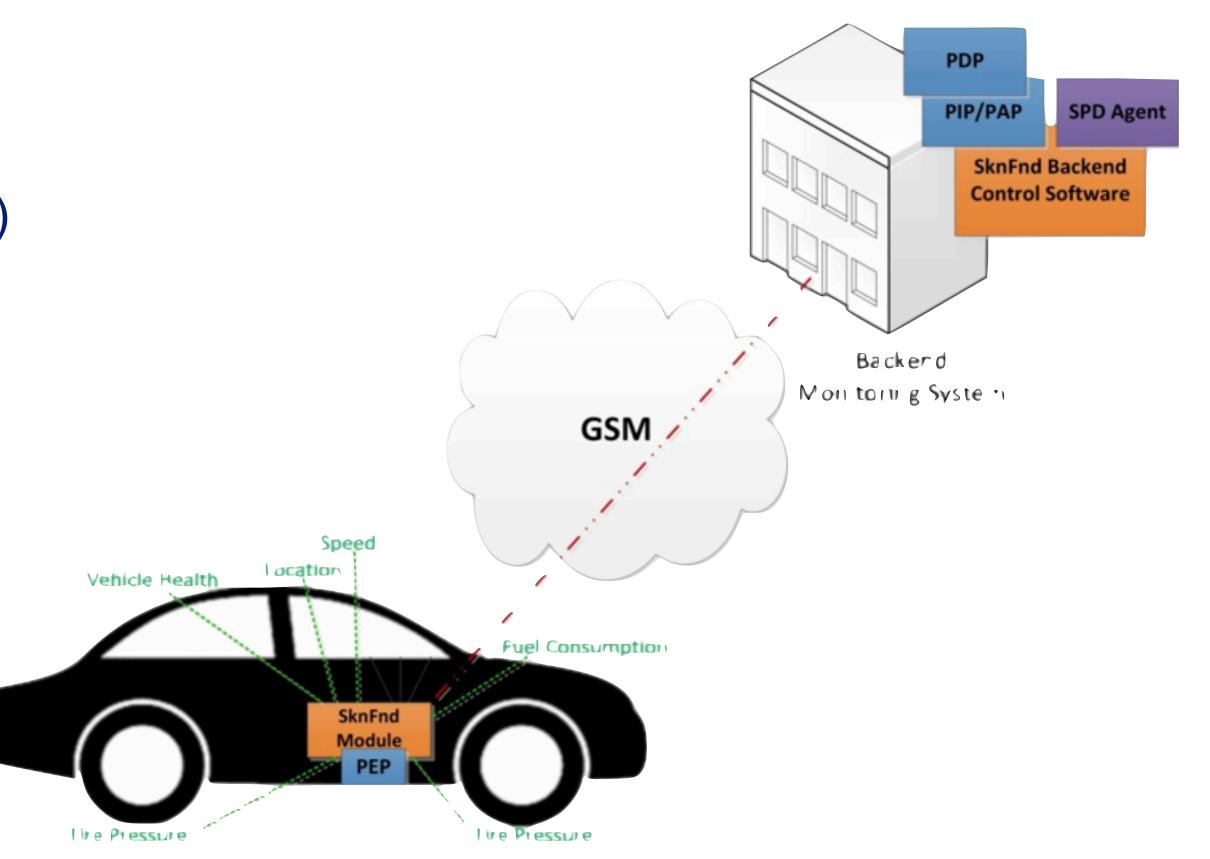


# Social Mobility Components



#### Applicable nSHIELD Components (Px):

- 1- Lightweight Cyphering (P1)
- 2- Key exchange (P2)
- 3- Anonymity & Location Privacy (P10)
- 4- Automatic Access Control (P11)
- 5- Recognizing DoS Attack (P13)
- 6- Intrusion Detection System (P15)
- 7- Attack surface metrics (P28)
- 8- Embedded SIM, sensor (P38)
- 9- Multimetrics (P27)





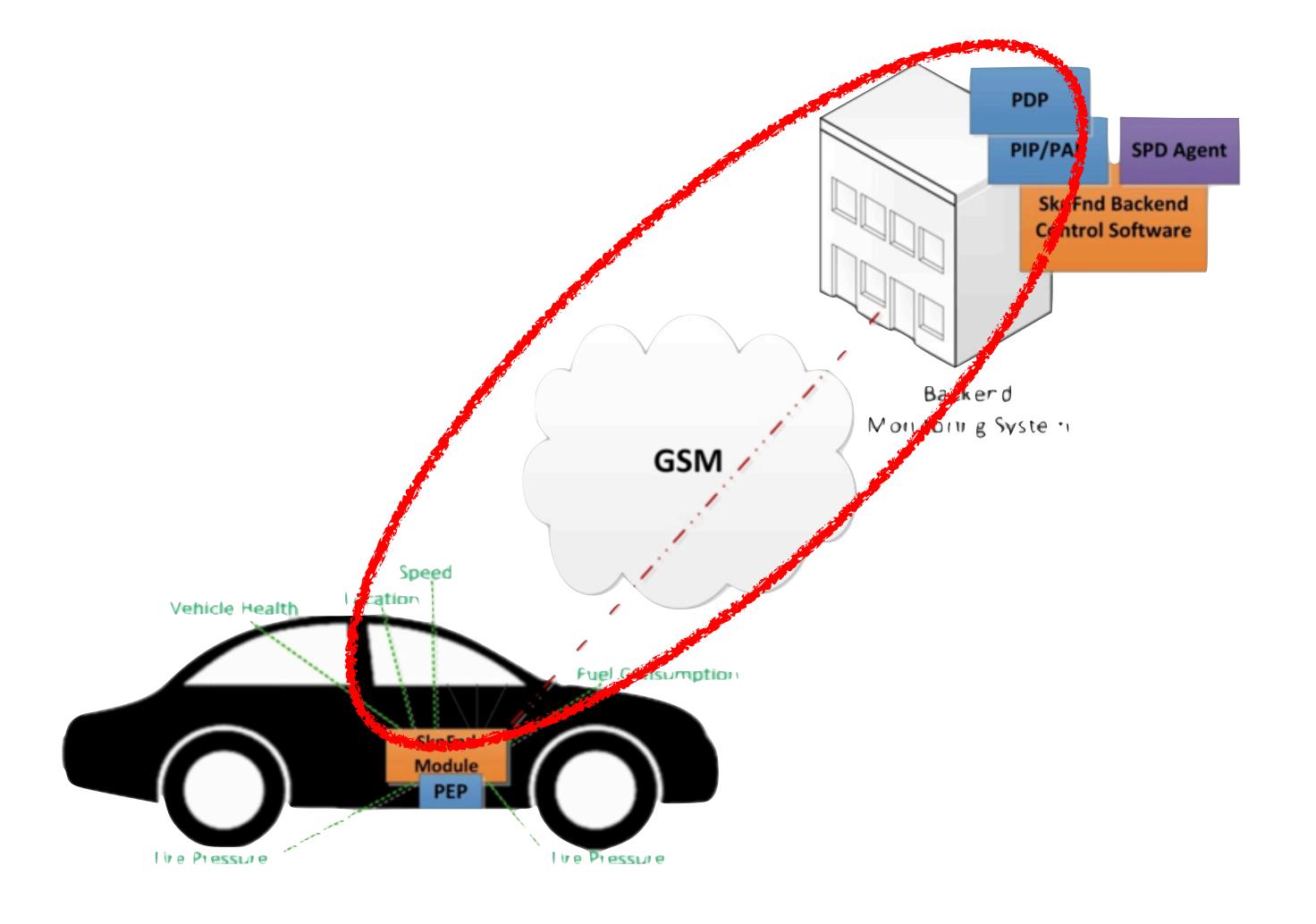


# Communication Subsystem Metrics



#### (SPD) Metrics

- → Port metric
- → Communication channel
- → GPRS message rate
- → SMS rate
- → Encryption





# Social Mobility - Examples of Metrics



#### GPRS message rate metric

Parameter(sec)	0.5	1	2	5	10	20	60	120	8
Ср	80	60	45	30	20	15	10	5	0

#### **Encryption metric**

Parameter	No encryption	Key 64 bits	Key 128 bits	Not applicable
Ср	88	10	5	0

#### Metrics weighting

Port (M1), w = 100Communication channel (M2), w = 100

GPRS message rate (M3), w = 80

SMS message rate (M4), w = 20

Encryption (M5), w = 100





# Multi-Metrics subsystem evaluation



	Criticality						5	$\mathrm{SPD}_P$	
	С1	C2	СЗ	C4	Sub-Sys.		Scen. 1	Scen. 2	Scen. 3
$SPD_{Goal}$							(s,80,d)	(s,50,d)	(s, 5, d)
Multi-			М3		C1				
Metrics	M1	M2	$\cap$	M5	$\cap$				
Elements			M4		C4		i press		
Conf. A	30	20	0	5	17	83			
Conf. B	61	20	4	5	32	68		•	
Conf. C	41	20	9	5	23	77		Se Paris	
Conf. D	82	41	2	10	45	55			
Conf. E	82	41	18	10	45	55			
Conf. F	83	41	27	10	47	53			
Conf. G	82	42	4	88	70	30			
Conf. H	82	42	40	88	73	27			
Conf. I	83	42	72	88	Alarm	21		0	





# Run-Through Example

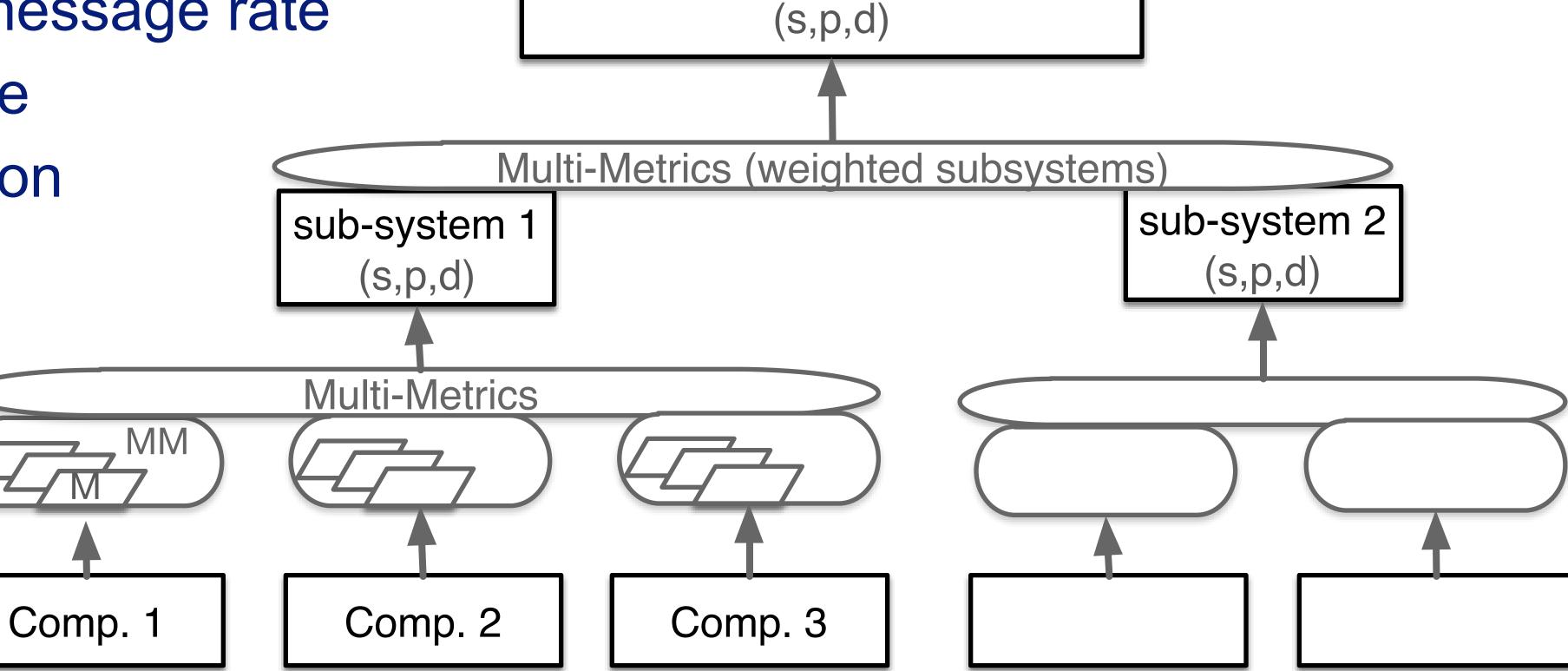




# Multi-Metrics<sub>v2</sub> - system composition



- here: communication sub-system vehicle <-> backend
  - → Port metric
  - Communication channel
  - → GPRS message rate
  - → SMS rate
  - → Encryption



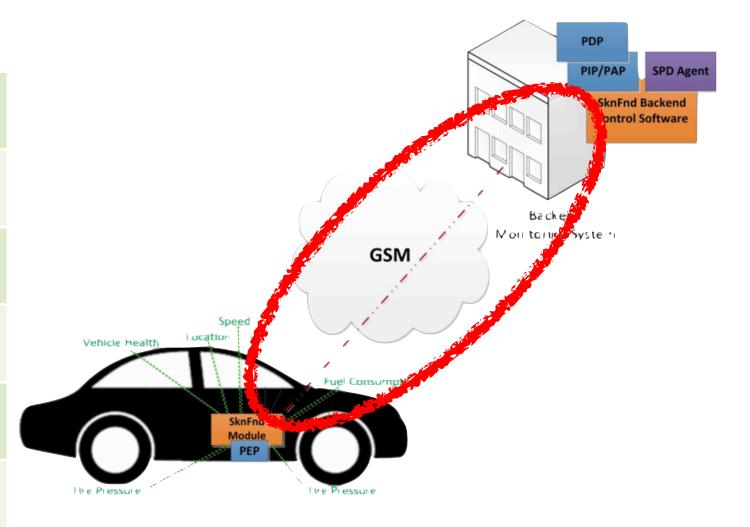
system



### Configurations Communication Subsystem



Scenario 1	Conf. A	SSH
"privacy"	Conf. B	SSH + SNMP trap
	Conf. C	SSH + SNMP
Scenario 2	Conf. D	SSH + SNMP trap + SMS
"parents"	Conf. E	SSH + SNMP trap + SMS
	Conf. F	SSH + SNMP trap + SNMP + SMS
Scenario 3	Conf. G	SSH + SNMP trap + SMS
"emergency"	Conf. H	SSH + SNMP trap + SMS
	Conf. I	SSH + SNMP trap + SNMP + SMS



Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is an Internet-standard protocol for collecting and organizing information about managed devices on IP networks and for modifying that information to change device behavior. [Wikipedia] SNMP trap = alerts



# Metrics & weight (only privacy)



1) Port metric, weight  $w_p=40$ 

	Ср	SPDp
SNMP (UDP) 161 in the ES	40	60
SNMP trap (UDP) 162 in the BE	60	40
SSH (TCP) 23 in the ES	30	70
SMS	80	20

- 4) SMS message rate metric  $w_p=20$ 0,1, or 2 messages SPDp=90-100
- 5) Encryption metric  $w_p=60$

	Ср	SPDp
No encryption	88	12
Key 64 bits	10	90
Key 128 bits	5	95
Not applicable	0	100

2) Communication channel metric, weight  $w_p=20$ 

	Ср	SPDp
GPRS with GEA/3	20	80
SMS over GSM with A5/1	40	60

3) GPRS message rate metric w<sub>p</sub>=80

messaae delav	Ср	SPDp
0.5 sec	80	20
1 sec	60	40
2 sec	45	65
5 sec	30	70
10 sec	20	80
20 sec	<i>15</i>	<i>85</i>
60 sec	10	90
120 sec	5	95
No messaaes	0	100



# Metrics analysis



		Metric 1	Metric 2	Metric 3	Metric 4	Sum	Ср	SPDp
Scenario 1	Conf. A	232	<i>52</i>	0	10	294	17	<i>83</i>
"privacy"	Conf. B	960	52	4	10	1 025	32	68
	Conf. C	434	52	18	10	513	23	77
Scenario 2	Conf. D	1 735	217	1	39	1 992	45	55
"parents"	Conf. E	1 735	217	73	39	2 064	45	55
	Conf. F	1 778	217	165	39	2 198	47	53
Scenario 3	Conf. G	1 735	228	4	2 998	4 964	70	30
"emergency	Conf. H	1 735	228	361	2 998	5 322	73	27
	Conf. I	1 778	228	1 171	2 998	6 174	79	21

sum of weight: 155



# Multi-Metrics subsystem evaluation



	Criticality					$SPD_P$			
	С1	C2	С3	C4	Sub-Sys.		Scen. 1	Scen. 2	Scen. 3
$SPD_{Goal}$							(s,80,d)	(s,50,d)	(s,5,d)
Multi-			М3		C1				
Metrics	M1	M2	$\cap$	M5	$\cap$				
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#### Conclusions



- SHIELD is the security methodology developed through JU Artemis/ECSEL
- Security, Privacy, and Dependability (SPD) assessment
- Social Mobility Use-Case: loan a car
  - → «behave» full privacy awareness -> SPD<sub>goal</sub> = (s,80,d)
  - → «speeding» limited privacy -> SPD<sub>goal</sub> = (s,50,d)
  - → «accident» no privacy -> SPD<sub>goal</sub> = (s,5,d)
- 11 configurations assessed
  - → 2 satisfy «behave», 3 satisfy «speeding», 0 satisfies «accident»
- Goal: apply SHIELD methodology in various industrial domains

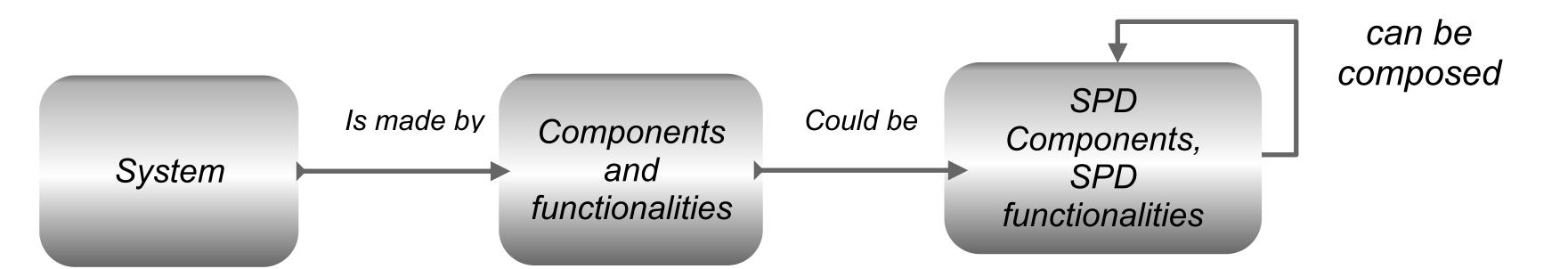




# Upcoming lectures



L11: perform Multi-Metrics for a Smart Meter (AMR)



• .... applying Multi-Metrics on your own

